

# A Study of Long-Tail Latency in n-Tier Systems: RPC vs. Asynchronous Invocations



Qingyang Wang, Louisiana State University

## Long-Tail Latency Problem

Web-facing applications encounter large response time fluctuations at moderate utilization (e.g., 50%)

### Causes:

- Strong inter-tier dependency between thread-based servers through RPC calls in the long invocation chain
- Millibottlenecks occur in all system layers at moderate system utilization
- Millibottlenecks plus inter-tier dependency leads to Cross-Tier-Queue-Overflow, which in turn cause dropped packets and TCP retransmissions.

### Solution:

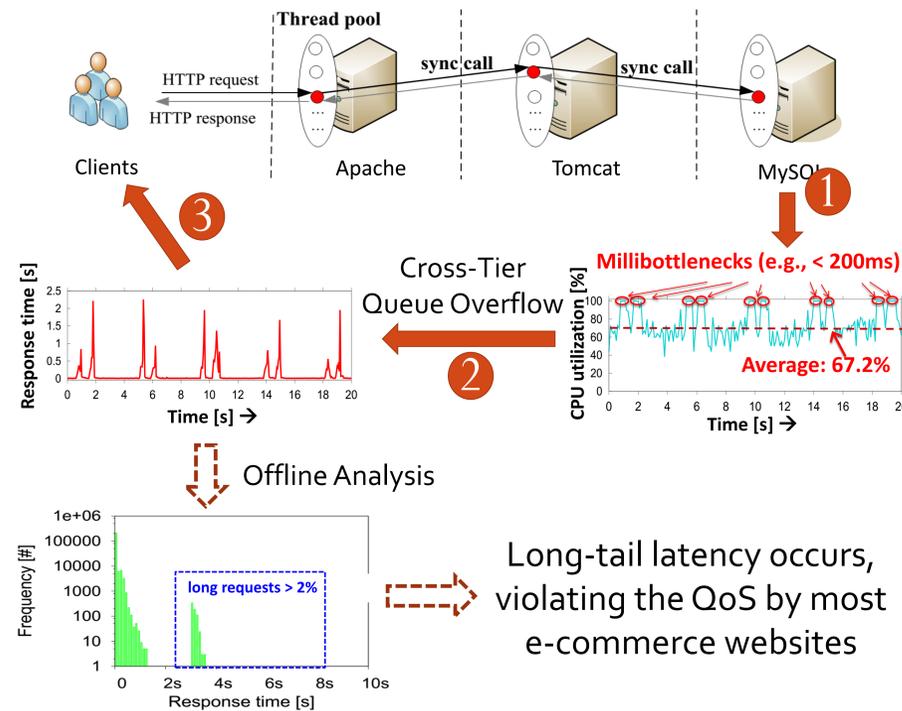
- Asynchronous invocation between consecutive tiers in the long invocation chain
- Break the strong inter-tier dependency and Cross-Tier-Queue-Overflow

### Benefits:

- Achieve predictable performance of n-tier web applications at moderate to high utilization
- Increase resource efficiency and save power of cloud data centers.

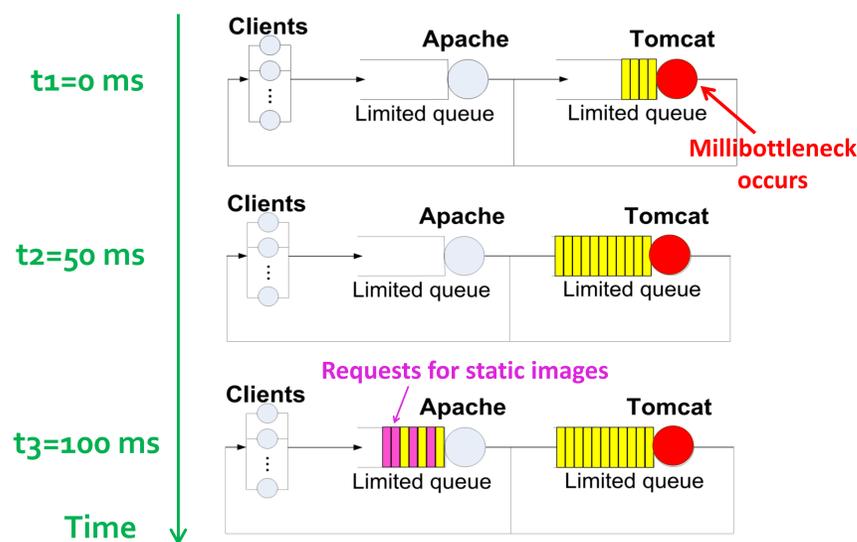
## Millibottlenecks ⇒ Long Tail Latency

A 3-tier system with thread-based servers



## Push-back: Cross-tier-Queue-Overflow

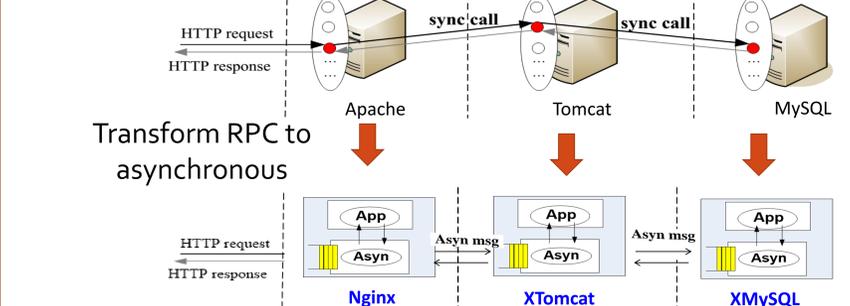
An illustration example:



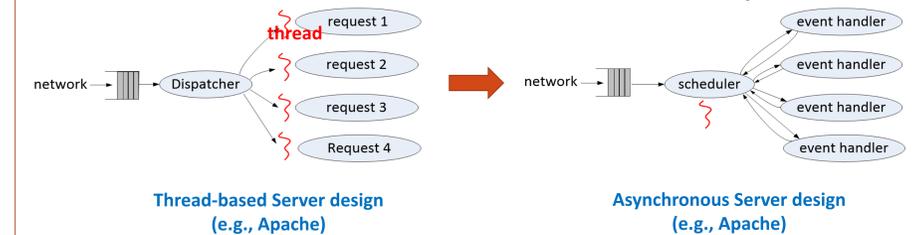
A millibottleneck in downstream Tomcat ⇒ long queue in upstream Apache

## Solution: Asynchronous Invocation

Break push-back wave by asynchronous invocation



- Transform thread-based server to asynchronous



- Transform sequential app to event driven app

```

[01] function doGet(request1) {
[02]   ... pre-processing request1 ...
[03]   ... form query1 ...
[04] }
[05] result1=SyncDBQuery1(query1);
[06] ... think about result1 ...
[07] ... form query2 ...
[08] result2=SyncDBQuery2(query2);
[09] ... post-processing result2 ...
[10] ... form response ...
[11] return response;
[12] }

[01] function doGet(request1) {
[02]   ... pre-processing request1 ...
[03]   ... form query1 ...
[04]   AsynDBQuery1(query1, eventHandler1);
[05] }
[06] function eventHandler1(result1) {
[07]   ...think about result1 ...
[08]   ...form query2 ...
[09]   AsynDBQuery2(query2, eventHandler2);
[10] }
[11] function eventHandler2(result2) {
[12]   ...post-processing result2...
[13]   ...form response ...
[14]   return response;
[15] }
    
```

(a) A simple synchronous Java Servlet (b) An asynchronous event-driven Java servlet

## Results & Future Work

### Results:

- Long-tail latency remains absent at system utilization levels as high as 83%, despite the same millibottlenecks. --Wang et al. ICDCS '17

### Future works:

- Design profiling tools for asynchronous n-tier systems.
- Develop tools to facilitate the transforming RPC code to asynchronous code
- Run large-scale cloud experiments for validation