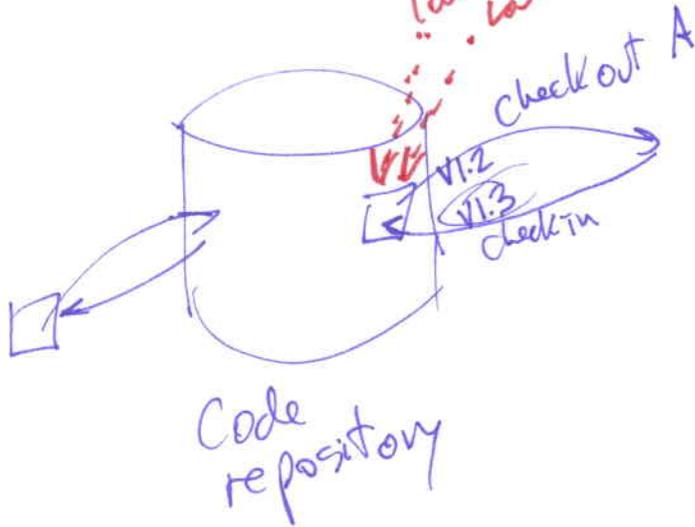


Code Versions



Check Out

- * Modify
- * Reviewed
- * Compiled w latest version of all files
- * Tested
- * Then → check in

Time to make next version of code base:

changed 20 module (of 1000)
 2%
 Use or "Roll back" to a previous version

Lab 4. Ver 1.9 worked ← copy it
 Ver 1.10 Did not work

It does not work any more"

ECGR 4101/5101

```
// Quiz 11 code

#define Q_SIZE (8)
typedef struct {
    unsigned char Data[Q_SIZE];
    unsigned int Head; // points to oldest data element
    unsigned int Tail; // points to next free space
    unsigned int Size; // quantity of elements in queue
} Q_T;
Q_T tx_q, rx_q;

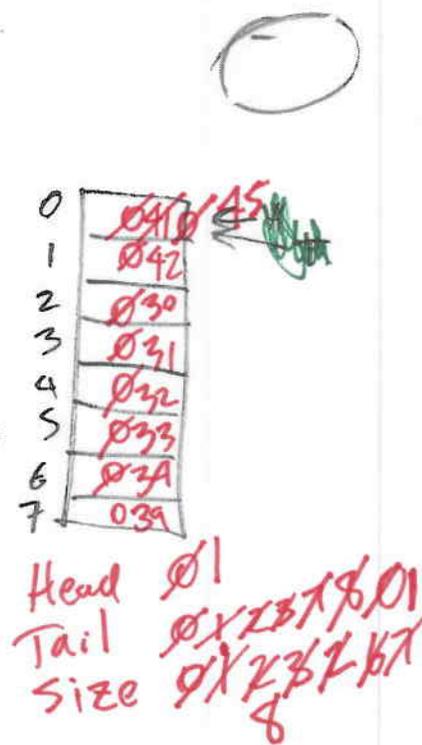
void Q_Init(Q_T * q) {
    unsigned int i;
    for (i=0; i<Q_SIZE; i++)
        q->Data[i] = 0; // to simplify our lives when debugging
    q->Head = 0;
    q->Tail = 0;
    q->Size = 0;
}

int Q_Empty(Q_T * q) {
    return q->Size == 0;
}

int Q_Full(Q_T * q) {
    return q->Size == Q_SIZE;
}

// Q Enqueue - Called by a UART ISR - put a char on the queue
int Q_Enqueue(Q_T * q, unsigned char d) {
    if (!Q_Full(q)) { // What if queue is full?
        q->Data[q->Tail++] = d;
        q->Tail %= Q_SIZE;
        q->Size++;
        return 1; // success
    } else
        return 0; // failure
}

// Q Dequeue-called by a consumer function-take a char from queue
unsigned char Q_Dequeue(Q_T * q) {
    unsigned char t=0;
    if (!Q_Empty(q)) { // Must check to see if queue is empty
        t = q->Data[q->Head];
        q->Data[q->Head++] = 0; // to simplify debugging, clear
        q->Head %= Q_SIZE;
        q->Size--;
    }
    return t;
}
}
```



ISR x41
ISR x42
ISR x30
Main consume t=41
ISR x31
ISR x32
ISR x33
ISR x34
ISR x39
ISR x45
ISR x4A
MainConsume
MainConsume
MainConsume
ISR