

3. (20 points) Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{\cos x}{2 + \sin x}$ defined over the interval $[0, 2\pi]$.

(a) Find $f'(x)$.

(b) Find the critical points of f .

(c) Identify each critical point as a location where a max, a min, or neither occurs.

(d) Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum of f .

4. (15 points) The mean value theorem (MVT) states that if f is differentiable over $[a, b]$, then there is a number c in (a, b) such that $f'(c)$ is the slope of the line joining $(a, f(a))$ and $(b, f(b))$.

(a) Does the MVT apply to the function $f(x) = x \ln x$ on the interval $[1, e]$.

(b) If not tell why. If so, find the number c .

5. (20 points) Suppose f is a differentiable function and suppose f'' is given by

$$f''(x) = \frac{(x^2 - 4)(x + 5)}{(x + 2)(x + 1)}.$$

Find the intervals over which f is concave up. No credit for calculator solutions.

6. (20 points) Evaluate each of the following limits:

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x + 1}$

(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x + \tan x}{\sin x}$

(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^3 e^{-x^2}$

(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1 - 2x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$