October 28, 2014 Name

The problems count as marked. The total number of points available is 145. Throughout this test, **show your work**.

- 1. (30 points) Let $f(x) = 3x^4 + 4x^3 72x^2$.
 - (a) Find the critical points of f.

(b) Build the sign chart for f'(x).

(c) Use this information in part (b) to find the intervals over which f is increasing.

(d) Discuss the concavity of f.

(e) Find f(1) and f'(1). Use this information to find the line tangent to f at (1, f(1)) in slope-intercept form.

2. (35 points) Consider the table of values given for the functions f, f', g, and g':

$x \mid$	$\int f(x)$	f'(x)	g(x)	g'(x)
0	2	1	6	2
1	4	6	2	5
2	6	4	3	4
3	1	2	5	3
4	3	5	2	6
5	5	3	4	1
6	0	3	2	4

(a) Let $L(x) = 2f(x) \cdot g(x)$. Compute L'(5).

(b) Let $U(x) = f(3x) \div g(2x)$. Compute U(2) and U'(2).

(c) Let K(x) = g(x + f(x)). Compute K(3) and K'(3).

(d) Let V(x) = f(g(f(x))). Compute V'(3).

(e) Let $W(x) = g(x^2 - 1)$. Compute W'(2).

3. (20 points) Recall that $\frac{d}{dx}e^{g(x)} = e^{g(x)} \cdot g'(x)$. Find the intervals over which the function $f(x) = x^2 e^{2x}$ is increasing. Write your answer in interval notation.

4. (15 points) Two positive numbers x and y are related by 2x + 3y = 16. What is the largest possible product xy could be, and what pair (x, y) achieves that product? Note that if y = 2, then x = 5 and the product xy = 10. If y = 4, then x = 2 and the product is 8.

5. (15 points) Two positive numbers x and y are related by xy = 10. What is the smallest possible value 6x + 3y could have?

$$r(x) = \frac{(x^2 - 4)(6x)}{(3x - 6)(x + 1)(x - 3)}.$$

Use the Test Interval Technique to find the sign chart of r(x). Find the zeros and the horizontal and vertical asymptotes, and sketch the graph of r. Your graph must be consistent with the information you find in the sign chart.

